Feeding Record

(Use for all animals: Horse, Dog, Rabbit, Poultry, Dairy, Breeding and Market Animals)

Write the kind of feed at the top of the columns. You may use the units (pounds, cwt, tons) that are most convenient for you in keeping track of feed.

Kind of Feed →	Hay		Hay		Pasture		Grain	
Month	Amount	Price	Amount	Price	Amount	Price	Amount	Price
October	25 bales	$250.00	1 ton	$200.00	1 mth	$75	31 lbs	11.47
November	25	$250.00	1	$200.00	1 mth	$75	30 lbs	11.10
December	25	$250.00	1	$200.00			31 lbs	11.47
January	25	$250.00	1	$200.00			31 lbs	11.47
February	23	$230.00	1	$200.00			28 lbs	10.36
March	25	$250.00	1	$200.00			31 lbs	11.47
April	25	$250.00	1	$200.00	1 mth	$75	30 lbs	11.10
May	25	$250.00	1	$200.00	1 mth	$75	31	11.47
June	25	$250.00	1	$200.00	1 mth	$75	30	11.10
July	20	$200.00	1	$200.00	1 mth	$75	31	11.47
August	20	$200.00	1	$200.00	1 mth	$75	31	11.10
September	20	$200.00	1	$200.00	1 mth	$75	30	11.47
TOTALS:	253 (B)	$2530.00	12 ton	$2400.00	8	$600.00	365	135.05
PRICE/UNIT	$10/bale (A)		$200/ton		$75/mth		.37/lb	
A • B = C (C)					TOTAL FEED COSTS (c):			

Market Animal Growth Record (Use for **market animal** projects only)

Name of Animal	Birth Date	Date Project Started	Starting Weight	Date Project Ended	Ending Weight	Total Weight Gain	Total Days on Feed	Average Daily Gain	Feed Cost Per Lb. of Gain

Total Weight Gain = Ending weight minus Starting weight
Average Daily Gain = Total Weight gain divided by total Days on feed
Total Days Fed = Number of days from when project started until project ended
Feed Cost Per lb. Gain = Total feed costs divided by total weight gain

1. The amount fed monthly can be in any unit (lbs, tons, caps, bags) as long as all months for that feed use the same unit.
2. The price should be the cost for that month
3. The price/unit should be how much 1 unit costs. For example: $200/ton or $.37/lb.
4. The (price/unit) • (total of amount column) = (total price)
5. At the end of the year, adding the total price box for each feed should yield Total Feed Cost.